

# Activity 11 - A Review of Time Zone Mathematics

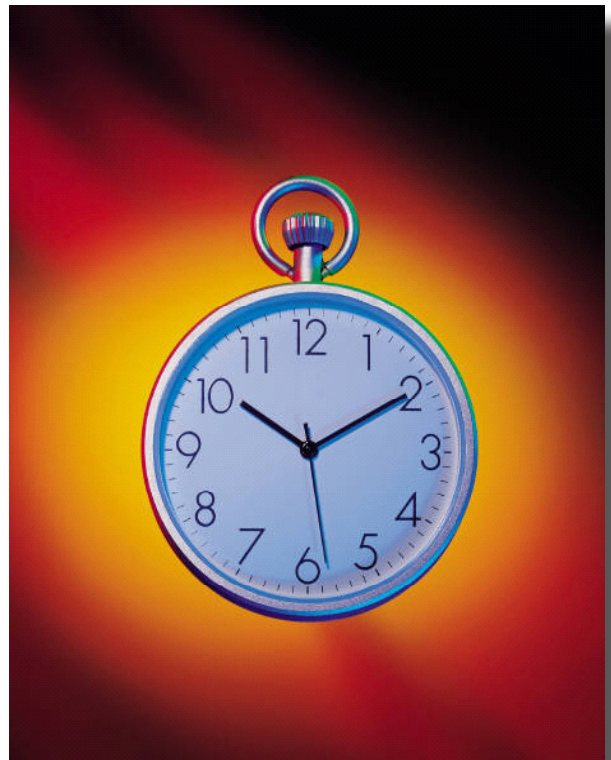
## TEACHER'S GUIDE

The world is a big place! In fact it is so enormous that we, the citizens of the world, can't all use the same time on our clocks to measure the passage of day and night. Let's see how this works for the continental United States.

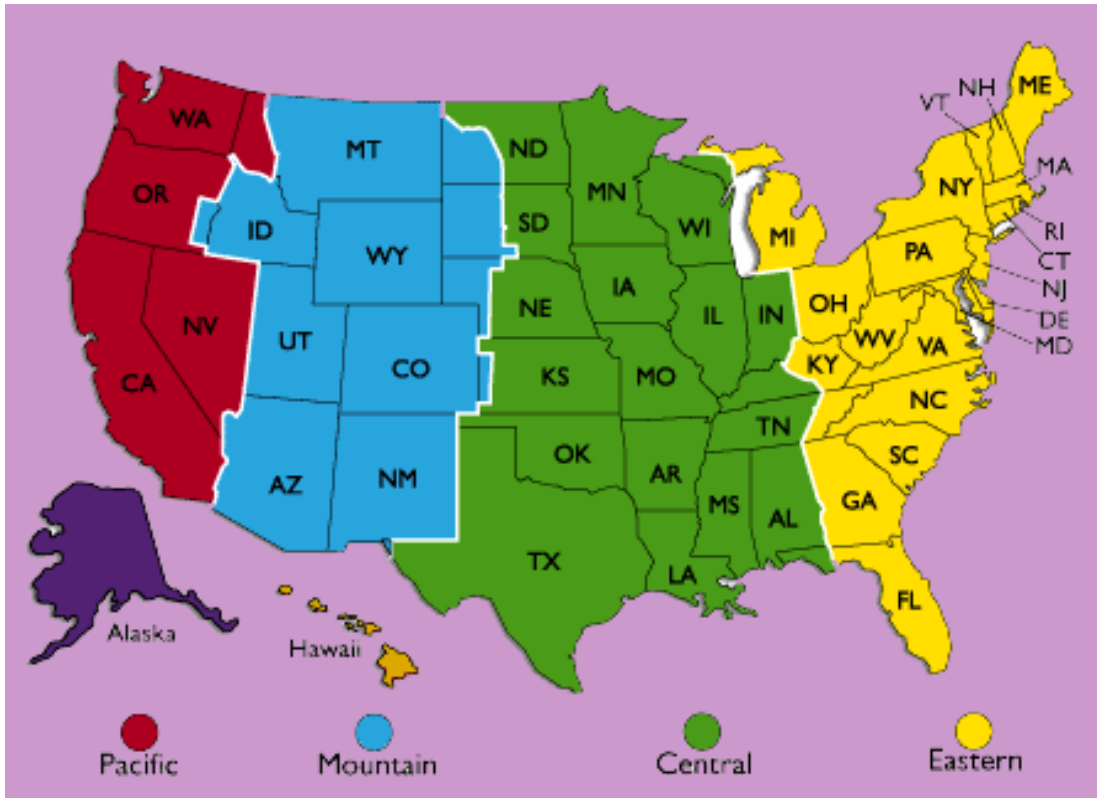
We have six "time zones" that divide the country from east to west. As you can see on the map on the next page, there are four time zones from the East Coast (yellow) to the Pacific Coast (red). We also have the Alaskan (purple) and Hawaiian (gold) time zones. Crossing into each time zone from east to west means that you have to move your clock back one hour. That means, for example, that on the East Coast it could be 3:00 PM (or 15:00) but in the Central Time Zone (green) it is one hour earlier, making it 2:00 PM (or 14:00). If you traveled to the Mountain Time Zone (blue) it would be 1:00 PM (or 13:00), and in the Pacific time zone (red) it would be 12:00 noon. In Alaska it would be 11:00 AM and in Hawaii it would be 10:00AM!

### GOALS

- 1) Students will know there are multiple time zones in the U.S.
- 2) Students will review how to calculate the difference between two clock times.
- 3) Students will review how to calculate the time in one time zone, given the time in a second time zone.



*continued on next page*



Without taking into account these time zone changes, suppose the sun set at 6:00 PM (or 18:00) on the East Coast. If you were living in Nevada, the sun would still be high up in the sky! It makes sense that sunset happens at the same clock time for each person around 6:00 PM. To do this, we all have to adopt the time zones idea and actually change our watches as we travel across the country. In all calculations, please use the “24-hour” clock to make calculations easier ( i.e., 3:00 PM = 15:00, 9:45 AM = 09:45, etc.).

**TEACHER ANSWER KEY**

- 1) 7h 50m
- 2) 2h 50m
- 3) 09:00 Mountain Time Zone, Wednesday. And 07:00 Alaska Time Zone
- 4) 07:43 Wednesday
- 5) 03:14 Wednesday
- 6) 12:12 on Thursday 3 weeks later

# Calculating time changes

Here are some solved problems with time arithmetic.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 23:25 \\
 - 21:15 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{l}
 23 \text{ hrs} - 21 \text{ hrs} = 2 \text{ hours} \\
 25 \text{ min} - 15 \text{ min} = 10 \text{ minutes}
 \end{array}$$

**2 hours 10 minutes** - This is the difference in time between the two clock readings

$$\begin{array}{r}
 21:15 \\
 + 4 \text{ hours} \\
 \hline
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \text{This problem asks you to add 4 hours to the clock time 21:15}$$

01: 15 the next day

$$\begin{array}{r}
 02:00 \text{ Eastern Time} \\
 - 3 \text{ hours} \\
 \hline
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \text{This problem asks you to calculate what clock time it is in the Pacific Time Zone 3 hours earlier.}$$

23:00 Pacific Time the previous day.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 15:15 \\
 - 1 \text{ hour } 55 \text{ minutes} \\
 \hline
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{l}
 \text{Subtract 1 hour 55 minutes from 15:15 (or 3:15 PM)} \\
 \text{because 15 is less than 55, borrow 1 hour from 15:00 and add} \\
 \text{60 + 15 to get 75. Then the problem becomes:}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 13:20 \\
 \qquad \qquad \qquad 14 \ 75 \\
 \qquad \qquad \qquad - 1 \ 55 \\
 \qquad \qquad \qquad \hline
 \qquad \qquad \qquad 13: 20
 \end{array}$$

*Student Name* \_\_\_\_\_ *Date* \_\_\_\_\_

## Time Zone Mathematics

1) 15:15 Wednesday

- 7:25 Wednesday

\_\_\_\_\_

Time difference

2) 09:15 Pacific Time Zone, Friday

- 09:25 Eastern Time Zone, Friday

\_\_\_\_\_

Time difference

3) 23:25 Mountain Time Zone, Tuesday

+ 9h 35m Added time

\_\_\_\_\_

(give answer both in Mountain and in  
Alaska Time Zones)

4) 04:25 Monday

+ 51h 18m Added time

\_\_\_\_\_

5) 18:35 Friday

- 63h 21m Subtracted time

\_\_\_\_\_

6) 03:25 Monday

-+ 584h 47m Added time

\_\_\_\_\_

**Inquiry question** - Why do we have time zones  
around the world?

In the column below, create five of your  
own time problems, solve them, and share  
them with the class!

